

		8.00-8.50, grade 9-10	8.55-9.45, grade 11-12
lan 14	Lect. 1	Intro1. Define Apologetics. Examples of Apologetics. History of Apologetics: names, methods, arguments, partners (religions, science, philosophy). Topics: Does God exist? Is Jesus divine? Did Jesus come back to life? Is Jesus unique? Do all people believe the same thing about God? How did God create the world? Will there be an end of the world?	Intro1. Define Apologetics. Examples of Apologetics. History of Apologetics: names, methods, arguments, partners (religions, science, philosophy). Topics: Does God exist? Is Jesus divine? Did Jesus come back to life? Is Jesus unique? Do all people believe the same thing about God? How did God create the world? Will there be an end of the world?
lan 21	Lect. 2	Intro2. Is apologetics something about defending something or about convincing others? It is personal = defending the gospel you believe in... Danger: overusing reason and postmodernist relativism: the need for absolutes... as a starting point, existentialism and ethics Witnessing and arguing... Personal witness is one of the strongest arguments. 1 Pet. 3:15, give a reason for your belief... Apologetics creates a friendly environment for explaining God and ourselves, according to the Bible... The sources for objective knowledge: Nature (all facts? Partial, transcended) Ourselves (Feelings, Reason, Senses) Scripture (Which Scripture?) Acts 17: Cultural communication of the gospel and its rules, speaking to a large audience. Speaking as an equal. Acts 22-23: ... Acts 26: ...	Intro2. Is apologetics something about defending something or about convincing others? It is personal = defending the gospel you believe in... Danger: overusing reason and postmodernist relativism: the need for absolutes... as a starting point, existentialism and ethics Witnessing and arguing... Personal witness is one of the strongest arguments. 1 Pet. 3:15, give a reason for your belief... Apologetics creates a friendly environment for explaining God and ourselves, according to the Bible... The sources for objective knowledge: Nature (all facts? Partial, transcended) Ourselves (Feelings, Reason, Senses) Scripture (Which Scripture?) Acts 17: Cultural communication of the gospel and its rules, speaking to a large audience. Speaking as an equal. Acts 22-23: ... Acts 26: ...
lan 28	Lect. 3	Arguing correctly. Principles, Rules and Pitfalls. Bible. Logic. Religions. Science.	Arguing correctly. Principles, Rules and Pitfalls. Bible. Logic. Religions. Science.

Feb 4	Lect. 4	Logic	Logic.
Feb 18	Lect. 5	Seminar1 – conducting a debate	Seminar1 – conducting a debate
Feb 25	Lect. 6	Science	Science
Mar 4	Lect. 7	Religions	Religions
Mar 11	Lect. 8	Bible.	Bible.
Mar 18	Lect. 9	Defending faith and non-Christians	Defending faith and non-Christians
Mar 25	Lect. 10	Defending your Christian denomination	Defending your Christian denomination
Apr 8	Lect. 11	Seminar 2 – Explain yourself respectfully	Seminar 2 – Explain yourself respectfully
Apr 15	Lect. 12	Creation: world views	Creation: world views
Apr 29	Lect. 13	Creation: and evolution	Creation: and evolution
May 6	Lect. 14	Jesus divinity	Jesus divinity
May 13	Lect. 15	Holy Trinity	Holy Trinity
May 20	Lect. 16	The life and future of man	The life and future of man
May 27	Lect. 17	Seminar 3 – faith, functional society, tolerance and identity	Seminar 3 – faith, functional society, tolerance and identity
June 10	Lect. 18	Society and faith	Society and faith
June 17	Lect. 19	Reading books and thinking	Reading books and thinking
June 24	Lect. 20	Conclusions	Conclusions

Seminar and lecture topics:

Horoscope and the Bible. Whose force is guiding your life – God, spirits, stars, yourself?

Defending and politeness: Athens. Rules of approaching different cultures.

Defending and logic: 1 Cor 15. Rules of thinking.

Apocalypse – now? 1-2 Thesalonians.